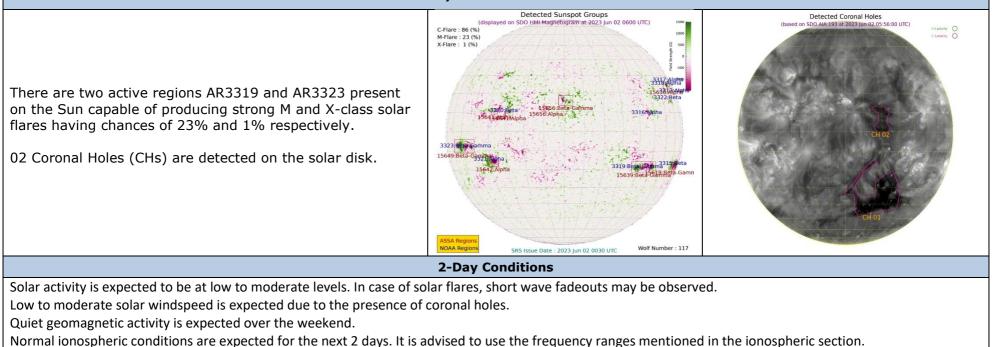
3-day Space Weather Conditions (SUPARCO)

Friday, June 02, 2023, 12:29 PST



		LOC	CAL CURREI	NT IONOSPHERIC COND	ITIONS (SON)			
DATE	2-Jun-23 (noon)			3-Jun-23		4-Jun-23 (noon)		
foF2	10.8 MHz			10.6		10.4 MHz		
h′F2	310 km			305		290 km		
TEC	50 TECU			49 T		48 TECU		
	Maximum Us	able Frequency	(MUF) an	d Optimum Traffic Fi	requency (FOT)	or various dis	tances	
Distance (km)	100	200	400	600	800	1000	1500	3000
1UF (MHz) for 3			12.6	5 14.4	16.5	18.8	23.7	28.4
lays (2 Jun – 4			12.4	14.2	16.4	18.4	23.6	28.1
un)	10.5	10.9	12.3	3 14.0	16.3	18.3	22.4	28.0
OT (MHz) for 3	9.3	9.7	10.7	/ 12.2	15.0	16.0	20.1	24.1
lays (2 Jun – 4	9.1	9.4	10.4	12.0	14.9	15.6	20.0	23.9
un)	8.9	8.9 9.3 1			14.8	15.5	19.9	23.8
ocal ionospheric condi	itions are normal a	as compared to th	ne predicte	d monthly median MU	F .			
			LOCA	L GEOMAGNETIC CONDIT	ONS			
K-index	1 (Quiet)			Quiet geomagnetic a	l. Quiet ge	Quiet geomagnetic activity is expected.		
F (SON/ISB)	45515/50025 nT			45528±10/5	4	45528±10/50035±20 nT		
he local geomagnetic fie	ld is disturbed at the	e moment.						
				SOLAR CONDITIONS				
SN	143			137 (SSN-		128 (SSN-predicted)		
F 10.7	164 sfu			156		144 sfu		
Vsw	394.6 km/s (Varied in the past 12 hrs between 389 & 501 km/s)			Low to moderate le	.d	Low levels of solar wind speed may prevail.		
					iu			
				speed ma				
Solar flares	C2.0 (max. flare in the past 24 hrs: M1, 0241 UT)			Moderate level	/ Lov	Low to moderate levels of solar		
Solar flares				expe		activity expected.		
IMF	+3.5 nT (va	ried in the past	12 hrs	-			-	
Bt	between +3.4 nT & +5.2 nT)							
20				Expected to vary be	-	nd Expected	l to vary betwee	
Bz	-0.5 nT (varied in the past 12 hrs between -2.5 nT & +0.5 nT) derate levels with background X-ray flux at C-class			negative		negative sectors.		
DL								

Daily Sun: 2 June 2023



For information on radio blackout levels, please follow the link: http://www.swpc.noaa.gov/noaa-scales-explanation

Acknowledgements:

<u>Images source</u>: Solar Dynamics Observatory-SDO both images showing the Solar disk and Coronal Holes have been processed at SUPARCO using Automatic Solar Synoptic Analyzer (ASSA), developed jointly by the Korean Space Weather Centre of the Radio Research Agency (RRA) & Space Environment Laboratory (SE Lab).

<u>Data sources</u>: The planetary indices and solar data are taken from the URLs below:

http://<u>www.spaceweather.go.kr</u> http://<u>www.sws.bom.gov.au</u> http://<u>www.solarmonitor.org</u>

Sonmiani (SON): 25.2° N, 66.75° E Islamabad (ISB): 33.7° N, 73.13° E

ANNEXURE

	DEFINITIONS OF TERMINOLOGIES USED IN THIS SUMMARY					
foF2	Maximum frequency of F2-layer of the ionosphere					
h′F2	Virtual height of the F2-layer					
MUF	Maximum usable frequency for 3000 km					
K-index	Local index defining geomagnetic conditions					
Declination	Planetary A index defining geomagnetic conditions, predicted value during geomagnetic unsettled Conditions					
F	Magnitude of the total geomagnetic field vector (unit in nano Teslas)					
SON, difference	Sonmiani Geomagnetic Observatory mean value, <u>difference limit</u> from night time value of quiet conditions: 25-30 nT, max: 260 nT					
ISB	Islamabad Geomagnetic Observatory mean value					
SN	Relative sunspot numbers					
Vsw	Solar Wind Speed (km/s)					
F10.7	Solar radio flux at 2.8 GHz (10.7 cm wavelength)					
sfu	Solar flux unit (defines the solar radio 10.7 cm flux)					
Solar Flare	Could be B, C, M and X depending upon the intensity of x-rays being emitted (each type has further 10 classes based on amount of energy released by the flare)					
IMF	Interplanetary magnetic field (the source of which is the Sun)					
Bt	Total IMF (unit in Nano Teslas)					
Bz	Vertical component of IMF (could be north/upward/positive or south/downward/negative) (unit in nano Teslas)					
AR	Active Regions on the sun currently in view					
CME	Coronal Mass Ejection					
СН	Coronal Hole					
KASI	Korean Astronomy & Space Science Institute					
SWFs	Short-wave fadeouts, caused by M/X class flares on the daylit side of the hemisphere absorbing lower Frequencies and hampering HF communication.					
SSN-predicted	Smooth Sunspot Number-it is an estimated value using a mathematical relation to forecast it.					